

Report

Pace & Progress of Pakistan-India Dialogue January – September 2013





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Printed in Pakistan

Published: September 2013

ISBN: 978-969-558-374-6

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Foreword

In February 2011, the Governments of Pakistan and India formally embarked on a roadmap to resume the dialogue process suspended over the issue of the 2008 Mumbai attacks.

This report describes the main developments in the historically uneasy relationship between India and Pakistan from January 2013-September 2013.

The report has been prepared for the Parliamentarians of the two countries who meet periodically, at the unofficial level, to enhance the role of Parliamentary Diplomacy in improving Pakistan-India relations. The Pak-India Parliamentary Dialogues are facilitated by PILDAT.

The report has been prepared for consideration and adoption at the 5^{th} round of the India Pakistan Parliamentarians Dialogue V scheduled to be held in Islamabad on September 19-20, 2013.

The draft of the report has been prepared by Ms. Mehrunnisa Mehboob, an intern with PILDAT during the summer of 2013, while it has been finalised by the PILDAT team.

Disclaimer

PILDAT team has made every effort to ensure accuracy of the contents of this report. Any error or omission, therefore, is not deliberate.

Islamabad September 2013

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Introduction

he dialogue process between India and Pakistan that resumed in February 2011 after remaining suspended for nearly 3 years following the Mumbai attacks in November 2008, has once again been halted by the tension on the Line of Control (Loc). No headway has been made since the meeting of the two Commerce Secretaries in September 2012 as the third round of the composite dialogue was halted citing tension on the Line of Control.

In this period, Pakistan, through its 10th General Election held on May 11, 2013, elected a new Government with Mr. Nawaz Sharif elected as the premier of the country on June 5, 2013. With the change in Government there are newer prospects of peace between the two countries even though the official dialogue process has not moved forward during this period.

This report takes into account key milestones of the state of Pakistan-India relations from January 2013 to September 2013.

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The Official Dialogue (January – September 2013)

Pakistan and India exchange lists of nuclear installations: January 01, 2013

Pakistan and India exchanged lists of their nuclear installations and facilities as per the Agreement on Prohibition of Attacks against Nuclear Installations and Facilities between Pakistan and India, signed on December 31, 1988. The Agreement further pledges both sides not to attack listed facilities but does not require detailed disclosure of all nuclear activity. These lists have been exchanged since 1992, however each side has questioned the completeness of the other's list.

In accordance with Article II of the agreement, a list describing the precise location of all nuclear-related facilities in Pakistan was officially handed over to a representative of the Indian High Commission at the Foreign Office. The Indian side also handed over its list to the Pakistan High Commission in New Delhi.¹

Pakistan rejects allegations of an attack across the Line of Control: January 01, 2013

India accused Pakistani soldiers of attacking an Indian patrol party across the Line of Control. They claimed that two Indian soldiers had been killed and one beheaded in the "barbaric" attack on January 8, 2013 was a violation of the 2003 ceasefire agreement between the two countries. Pakistan rejected these allegations. A statement from the Foreign Office said "These are baseless and unfounded allegations. Pakistan is prepared to hold investigations through the United Nations Military Observer Group for India and Pakistan (UNMOGIP) on the recent ceasefire violations on the Line of Control."

The ceasefire between the two countries has been observed well in the last 9 years, although there was an

increase in violations in 2012.² Indian Foreign Minister, Mr. Salman Khurshid, said that the event should not be escalated as it threatened to undermine an already fragile peace policy.

Pakistan condemned bomb blasts in Hyderabad, India: February 22, 2013

Pakistan strongly condemned the bomb blasts that took place in Hyderabad, India which resulted in the loss of several lives and caused injuries to others, deeming any form of terrorism a threat to international peace and security.

The Foreign Office spokesman in Islamabad said all acts of terrorism are unjustifiable regardless of their motivation and said "our prayers and thoughts are with the families of victims of this terrorist attack".³ Pakistan itself is a victim of terror and understands and fully shares the agony of the Indian people.

Pakistan rejected remarks made by Senior Indian Functionaries: March 13, 2013

Pakistan rejected the remarks made by Indian Home Secretary, R.K Singh, who had said that "prima facie evidence suggests that the militants who attacked the members of the Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) were from across the border, they were probably from Pakistan".⁴

Pakistan felt that such "knee jerk" reactions and remarks by senior Indian Government functionaries undermined the efforts of both countries towards normal, peaceful relations. Pakistan itself is a victim of terrorism and has rendered immense sacrifices in its efforts against this threat to society and condemns actions of terrorism in the strongest possible terms. It called upon the Government of India to carry out a thorough investigation into the incident before levelling such accusations which are counterproductive and serve no purpose. Pakistan

^{1.} For details, please see: Pakistan and India exchange lists of nuclear installations, January 01, 2013: Ministry of External Affairs India: <u>http://www.mea.gov.in/press-releases.htm?dtl/21020/India+and+Pakistan+exchange+list+of+nuclear+installations</u>

^{2.} For details please see: Pakistan Army denies cross LoC attack terms it propaganda, Indian Express, January 09, 2011: http://www.indianexpress.com/news/pakistan-army-denies-cross-loc-attack-terms-it-propaganda/1056771/2

^{3.} For details please see: Pakistan condemns bomb blasts in Indian Hyderabad, The Nation; February 22, 2013: <u>http://www.nation.com.pk/pakistan-news-newspaper-daily-english-online/national/22-Feb-2013/pakistan-condemns-bomb-blasts-in-indian-hyderabad</u>

^{4.} For details please see: Terrorist who attacked CRFP probably from Pakistan, Hindustan Times; March 13, 2013: <u>http://www.hindustantimes.com/India-news/NewDelhi/Terrorists-who-attacked-CRPF-probably-from-Pakistan-RK-Singh/Article1-1025738.aspx</u>

^{5.} For details please see, MoFA-Pakistan rejects remark by senior Indian functionaries, Media Point; March 13, 2013: <u>http://www.mediapoint.pk/press-release-mofa-pakistan-rejects-remarks-by-senior-indian-functionaries-13-mar/</u>

remains committed to discussing and resolving all outstanding issues with India through a meaningful dialogue. $^{\scriptscriptstyle 5}$

Pakistan denies any involvement in 1993 terror attacks in Mumbai: March 23, 2013

Pakistan denounced insinuations suggesting the involvement of its Government or any of its agencies in the 1993 terror attacks in Mumbai. The Indian Supreme Court ruling implicated the Pakistani Government agencies in the attacks followed by reports in the Indian media. The Foreign Office Spokesperson, Aizaz Ahmed Chaudhry, issued a statement firmly rejecting the baseless notion of any connection of the Pakistani Government or its agencies in the attacks.

The Spokesperson said that further detailed responses could only be made once the judgement had been studied in its totality in greater depth. The Spokesperson said "Pakistan remains committed in its resolve to fighting terrorism and engaging with India in a constructive, sustained and result-oriented dialogue process."⁶ He maintained that Pakistan is itself a victim of terrorism and has rendered immense sacrifices in the international fight against this menace. Pakistan has on numerous occasions offered cooperation to India in fighting terrorism through laid down bilateral mechanisms.

Outgoing Indian High Commissioner pays farewell visit to Advisor: June 27, 2013

Outgoing Indian High Commissioner, H. E. Mr. Sharat Sabharwal called on Pakistan's Advisor to Prime Minister on National Security and Foreign Affairs, Mr. Sartaj Aziz. Mr. Sabharwal felt that relations between the countries had improved in the past four years. The Advisor reiterated that improving ties between India and Pakistan was an important mandate of the newly-elected Government. The Advisor also informed the Indian High Commissioner that the new Prime Minister was keen on continuing the efforts to improve relations that were started in the Lahore Process of 1999 by Prime Ministers Sharif and Vajpayee.⁷ The Advisor wished the High Commissioner well in his future endeavours and indicated that he looked forward to working with his successor to further strengthen ties between the two countries.

Pakistan and India exchange list of prisoners: July 01, 2013

A list of prisoners was exchanged as per the Agreement on Consular Access signed between Pakistan and India on May 21 2008. Both countries are required to exchange lists of prisoners in each other's custody twice a year on January 01 and July 01.

In accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, the Foreign Office gave the Indian High Commission in Islamabad, a list of 491 Indian prisoners lodged in Pakistani jails. A similar list of 386 Pakistani prisoners was submitted to the Pakistan High Commission in New Delhi by the Indian Ministry of External Affairs.⁸

Advisor to the PM meets Indian Foreign Affairs Minister: July 02, 2013

Pakistan's Advisor to the Prime Minister on National Security and Foreign Affairs, Mr. Sartaj Aziz met with the Indian Minister for External Affairs, Mr. Salman Khurshid, in Brunei. This was the first high-level bilateral meeting between Pakistan and India since the newly elected Government of Mr. Nawaz Sharif came to power.

The singular aim Pakistan conveyed was to exercise diplomacy in resuming the peace process which started in Lahore 1999 while India too pledged to improve relations between the countries. They both expressed hope that the bilateral dialogue would continue in the coming months and envisaged a possible meeting between the two prime ministers around the time of the United Nations General Assembly meeting in New York.

The meeting took place on the sidelines of the ASEAN regional forum. Both sides agreed that regional cooperation would help the economic development and

6. For details please see: Pakistan rejects involvement in 1993 Mumbai blasts, The News; March 21, 2013: <u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/article-93268-Pakistan-rejects-involvement-in-1993-Mumbai-blasts</u>

- 7. For details please see: **Outgoing Indian HC calls on Sartaj**, The Nation; June 28, 2013 <u>http://www.nation.com.pk/pakistan-news-newspaper-daily-english-online/islamabad/28-Jun-2013/outgoing-indian-hc-calls-on-sartaj</u>
- 8. For details please see: Pakistan Indian exchange list of prisoners, MoFA, July 01, 2013; http://mofa.gov.pk/pr-details.php?prID=1291
- For details please see: Pakistan advisor on national security & foreign affairs meets Indian external affairs minister, MoFA, July 02, 2013; http://www.mofa.gov.pk/pr-details.php?prID=1293
- 10

prosperity of the South and South-East Asian nations. Trade and economic cooperation between the two countries could act as a catalyst and raise the confidence level on both sides that would allow a sustained peace process and the ministers discussed further actions that needed to be taken in this regard.⁹

Pakistan Prime Minister's Special Envoy visits India: July 04-06, 2013

Pakistani Prime Minister's Special Envoy Ambassador, Shahryar Khan visited New Delhi from the July 4-6, 2013 on a goodwill mission. Khan called on Prime Minister Manmohan Singh, carrying a letter from Pakistan's Prime Minister, Nawaz Sharif. The letter expressed good wishes for the Indian Prime Minister, the GGovernment and people as well as a "sincere desire to move forward on improving relations with India."

There was a trend of "positive conversation" and Khan called on External Affairs Minister and National Security Adviser to the Prime Minister and met Prime Minister's Special Envoy Shri Satinder Lambah and Foreign Secretary as well.¹⁰

Pak-India blame game in LoC violations: August 6 and 12[,]2013

Tensions mounted along the 740 km Line of Control that divides Kashmir rose on August 6, when five Indian soldiers were killed in the Poonch region and Pakistan was accused of orchestrating the killing. The incident set off a wave of clashes between Pakistan and India. On August 12, Pakistan accused Indian troops of firing shells across the border in Kashmir.

Indian Foreign Office spokesperson, Syed Akbaruddin said India will not hold talks with Pakistan till the matter is resolved. He further alleged that Hafiz Saeed was responsible for the 2008 Mumbai attacks and Pakistan should take action against him in order to improve the relationship between the two countries.

Pakistan releases 337 Indian prisoners: August 24, 2013

Pakistan released 337 Indian prisoners on August 24. Mostly fishermen, these prisoners, detained for straying into Pakistani water over the past two years, were allowed to cross the Wahga border between Lahore and Amritsar to go back home.

According to Indian figures as of July 2013, there are 386 Pakistani prisoners (278 civil + 108 Fishermen) detained in Indian jails. However, as per Pakistan's estimates, there are 479 Pakistani prisoners (338 civil + 141 fishermen) detained in Indian jails. So far, consular access has only been provided to 69 Pakistani prisoners in Indian jails. As per Indian estimates, while sentences of 55 Pakistani prisoners have been completed, only 21 prisoners' national status has been confirmed.

Pakistani figures, however, say that there are 43 Pakistani prisoners whose sentences have been completed and their national status is also confirmed and they can be released.

India has released 386 Pakistani prisoners (163 Civil and

Year	Prisoners		Total
	Civil	Fisherman	
2011	104	127	231
2012	49	82	131
2013	10	14	24
Total	163	223	386

Table 1: Status of Pakistani Prisoners in India

10. For details please see: Nawaz Sharif's special envoy meets Manmohan Singh, Times of India, July 06, 2013; http://articles.timesofindia.iNawazndiatimes.com/2013-07-06/india/40406637 1_pakistan-pm-pm-manmohan-singh-special-envoy

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Year	Prisoners		Total
	Civil	Fisherman	
2011	15	103	118
2012	26	680	706
2013	11	53	64
Total	52	836	888

Table 2: Status of Indian Prisoners in Pakistan

223 fishermen) from January 2011 till to-date:

Figures relating to Indian Prisoners in Pakistani Jails state that as of July 01, 2013 there are 491 Indian Prisoners (54 civil + 437 fishermen) detained in Pakistani jails. Out of these 491 Indian prisoners, nine (9) Indian prisoners (07 civil+2 fishermen) have been released. All 491 prisoners have been provided with consular access. 435 Indian fishermen have completed their term of sentences. However, the Indian High Commission has only confirmed national status of 377 fishermen who could be released. Pakistan has released 888 Indian prisoners (52 civil + 836 fishermen) from January 2011 to July 2013.

Indian envoy meets Pak PM's Advisor, LoC tensions discussed: September 3, 2013

Indian High Commissioner Mr. TC Raghavan called on Advisor to the Prime Minister on Foreign Affairs Mr. Sartaj Aziz at the Pakistan Foreign Office.

While the meeting had no formal agenda, it is reported that the two officials discussed tension on the LoC and the proposed meeting between the premiers of the two countries.¹¹

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^{11.} For details please see, Indian envoy T C Raghavan meets Pak PM's advisor , LoC tensions discussed, The Economic Times, September 03, 2013; http://economictimes.indiatimes.com/news/politics-and-nation/indian-envoy-t-c-raghavan-meets-pak-pms-advisor-loc-tensionsdiscussed/articleshow/22250644.cms

FAC FACTSHEET ON LOC VIOLATIONS

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Factsheet on LoC Violations: January – September 2013

- 1. January 09, 2013: India accuses Pakistan of 'beheading' Indian soldier at the LoC while Pakistan rejected these claims¹²
- 2. January 10, 2013: India rejects Pakistan's Proposal for UN probe into LoC Incident¹³
- 3. January 10, 2013: Pakistan expresses hope that the LoC incident will not affect the Pakistan India dialogue process¹⁴
- 4. January 16, 2013: Pakistani soldiers accused of crossing the LoC¹⁵
- 5. February 13, 2013: India declares beheading incident as unacceptable¹⁶
- 6. February 16, 2013: Pakistan accuses India of killing its soldier on LoC¹⁷
- 7. **March 14, 2013**: Pakistan expresses hope that the LoC incidents will not affect the dialogue process between Pakistan and India¹⁸
- 8. June 25, 2013: Pakistani businessmen resolve to continue trade despite the LoC incidents¹⁹
- 9. July 28, 2013: Pakistan media reports a Pakistan Army soldier was martyred and another was seriously injured in firing by Indian troops from across the Line of Control (LoC).²⁰
- 10. August 06, 2013: Indian media reports five soldiers were killed and another injured by a group of heavily armed militants, allegedly backed by Pakistan army, ambushed an Indian army patrol along the Line of Control.²¹
- 11. August 7, 2013: Pakistan rejects the Indian media allegations about an attack across the LoC.²²
- 12. August 08, 2013: Indian media reports Pakistan Army opened unprovoked firing on forward posts along the LoC in Pallanwala sub-sector in Jammu district.²³
- 13. August 08, 2013: Pakistan media reports Pakistan made concrete proposals to the Indian side to help reduce the tension along the LoC and Indian response is awaited.²⁴
- 14. August 10, 2013: Pakistan is accused by India of violates ceasefire again.²⁵
- 15. August 11, 2013: India accuses Pakistan of violating ceasefire for third time in 72 hours.²⁶
- 16. August 12, 2013: Pakistan media reports Indian security forces fired on the Pakistani border posts in the Nakial sector.²⁷
- 17. August 12, 2013: Pakistan summoned India's Deputy High Commissioner to protest over the clashes along the LoC.²⁸
- 12. For details please see: India says Pakistan 'beheaded' Kashmir Soldier: BBC: http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/world-asia-india-20954975
- 13. For details please see: India rejects Pakistan's proposal for UN Probe into the Loc incident: The Times of India:
- <u>http://articles.timesofindia.indiatimes.com/2013-01-10/india/36257369_1_indian-soldiers-indian-troops-kashmir-s-poonch</u>
 For details please see: FM Khar hopes LoC incidents will not affect Pak-India dialogue: Geo News: <u>http://www.geo.tv/article-83202-FM-Khar-hopes-LoC-incidents-will-not-affect-Pak-India-dialogue-</u>
- For details please see: Assessing Pakistan's Transgression on the Line of Control: IDSA (Institute of Defence Studies and Analyses: http://www.idsa.in/issuebrief/AssessingPakistansTransgressionontheLineofControl vchadha 160113
- 16. For details please see: Alleged beheading: LoC incident is unacceptable, says Indian PM: The Express Tribune:
 http://www.ids.in/issuebine/Soccoscience/Soccos
- http://tribune.com.pk/story/506599/alleged-beheading-loc-incident-is-unacceptable-says-indian-pm/
- 17. For details please see: Pak soldier killed on LoC: Greater Kashmir: <u>http://www.greaterkashmir.com/news/2013/Feb/16/pak-soldier-killed-on-loc-54.asp</u>
- 18. For details please see: LoC incidents cannot derail Pak-India peace: Khar: The International Herald Tribune: <u>http://tribune.com.pk/story/520742/loc-incidents-cannot-derail-pak-india-peace-khar/</u>
- 19. For details please see: Pak, India trade to continue despite clashes at LoC: Indian Defense: <u>http://www.indiandefence.com/forums/pakistan/19231-pak-india-trade-continue-despite-clashes-loc.html</u>
- 20. For details please see: Pak army soldier martyred by Indian firing at LoC, The News: <u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-24426-Pak-Army-soldier-martyred-by-Indian-firing-at-LoC</u>
- 21. For details please see: 5 soldiers killed in LOC ambush in Poonch, Greater Kashmir: http://www.greaterkashmir.com/news/2013/Aug/7/5-soldiers-killed-in-loc-ambush-in-poonch-23.asp
- 22. For details please see: Pakistan rejects the claim of the Indian media on Loc incursions, The News:<u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-24642-Pakistan-rejects-claims-of-Indian-media-on-LoC-incursions</u>
- 23. For details please see Pakistan army again violates ceasefire along LoC in Jammu, Times of India: <u>http://articles.timesofindia.indiatimes.com/2013-08-30/india/41618135_1_pakistan-army-forward-posts-indian-posts</u>
- 24. For details please see, Indian response to maintaining LoC cease fire awaited, Dawn: http://beta.dawn.com/news/1039306/indian-response-to-maintaining-loc-ceasefire-awaited-fo
- 25. For details please see: Pakistan violates cease fire again: opens fire on Indian Posts, The Economic Times: http://articles.economictimes.indiatimes.com/2013-08-10/news/41268096_1_indian-posts-mmgs-poonch-sector

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26. For details please see: LoC killings: Pakistan violates cease fire for third time in 72 hours, The India Today: <u>http://indiatoday.intoday.intoday.in/story/loc-killings-pakistan-violates-ceasefire-for-third-time-in-72-hours/1/299044.html</u>

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- 18. August 12, 2013: Pakistan's Punjab Assembly adopted a unanimous resolution condemning the Indian aggression along the Line of Control.²⁹
- 19. August 13, 2013: National Assembly of Pakistan unanimously condemned Indian military's aggression" across the Line of Control (LoC). ³⁰
- 20. August 13, 2013: Pakistan media reports a civilian in Rawalakot killed by the firing of the Indian Border Security Force.³¹
- 21. August 13, 2013: India wants Pakistan to take responsibility for LoC killings.³²
- 22. August 14, 2013: Indian media accuses Pakistani troops of firing on Indian posts along the LoC in Hamirpur-Balakote and Mendhar forward areas in Poonch district.³³
- 23. **August 14, 2013**: The Indian Parliament Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha unanimously adopt resolutions condemning Pakistan Army for indulging in the attacks across the Loc.³⁴
- 24. August 15, 2013: Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif calls for de-escalation of tension on the Line of Control (LoC).³⁵
- 25. August 16, 2013: Indian media reports the Indian Army claims to have killed 28 militants on the LoC.³⁶
- 26. August 16, 2013: Pakistan media reports Indian forces continue to violate the LoC.³⁷
- 27. August 17, 2013: Pakistan media reports 7 civilians, including three women, were injured in unprovoked firing by Indian troops across the Line of Control (LoC).³⁸
- 28. **August 19, 2013**: Indian Defence Minister A K Antony blamed the Pakistani Army in Rajya Sabha for the killings of five Indian soldiers along the Line of Control (LoC) and the ceasefire violations in Jammu and Kashmir.³⁹
- 29. August 22, 2013: India also accuses Pakistan for violating ceasefire at LoC in Poonch.⁴⁰
- 30. August 22, 2013: Pakistan Foreign Office states that India has been continuously violating the cease fire agreement on the LoC.⁴¹
- 31. August 25, 2013: Pakistan media reports a woman was killed and seven other civilians were injured in shelling by Indian troops from across the LoC in Azad Jammu and Kashmir (AJK).⁴²
- 32. August 27, 2013: Pakistan media reports five civilians were injured in the Nakial sector amid fresh displacement of 37 families from some highly vulnerable villages along the LoC.⁴³
- 27. For details please see: Indian Army resorts to unprovoked firing in Nakial, Sialkot Sector, The News:<u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-24721-Indian-Army-resorts-to-unprovoked-firing-in-Nakial-Sialkot-sectors</u>
- 28. For details please see: Indian Deputy High Commissioner summoned over Loc violation, The Dawn: http://dawn.com/news/1035436/indian-deputy-high-commissioner-summoned-over-loc-violation
- 29. For details please see: Punjab PA condemns Indian aggression, The Dawn: <u>http://beta.dawn.com/news/1035487/punjab-pa-condemns-indian-aggression</u>
- 30. For details please see: NA condemns Indian army's aggression, The Dawn: <u>http://beta.dawn.com/news/1035740/na-condemns-indian-armys-aggression</u>
- 31. For details please see: Indian firing at LoC continues, The News: <u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-24741-Indian-firing-at-LoC-continues;-one-killed</u>
- 32. For details please see: Indian wants Pak to take responsibility of LoC killings, The Hindu: <u>http://www.thehindu.com/news/national/india-wants-pak-to-take-responsibility-for-loc-killings/article5012535.ece</u>
- 33. For details please see: Pakistan violates cease fire again, targets 16 Indian Posts, The Hind: <u>http://www.thehindu.com/news/national/pak-violates-ceasefire-again-targets-16-indian-posts/article5021736.ece</u>
- 34. For details please see: India's two houses reject National Assembly Resolution, The Dawn: <u>http://beta.dawn.com/news/1035927/indias-two-houses-reject-na-resolution</u>
- 35. For details please see: Nawaz calls for de-escalation of tension on LoC, The Dawn: http://beta.dawn.com/news/1035931/nawaz-calls-for-de-escalation-of-tension-on-loc
- For details please see: 28 militants killed by Indian army on LoC in nearly two months, The Economic Times:http://articles.economictimes.indiatimes.com/2013-08-16/news/41417557 1 kashmir-valley-infiltration-indian-army
- For details please see: Woman among six injured in Indian army's shelling across LoC, The News: <u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-</u>24810-Woman-among-six-injured-in--Indian-Armys-shelling-across-LoC
- For details please see: Seven more injured in Indian firing across LoC, The News: <u>http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-24824-Seven-more-injured-in-Indian-firing-across-LoC</u>
- 39. For details please see: Pakistan army behind LoC killings, Zee News: <u>http://zeenews.india.com/news/nation/pakistani-army-behind-loc-killings-antony</u> 870004.html
- 40. For details please see, Pakistan violates cease fire for third time in 24 hours at LoC in Poonch, India retaliates, The Indian Express: http://www.indianexpress.com/news/pakistan-violates-ceasefire-for-third-time-in-24-hours-at-loc-in-poonch-india-retaliates/1158699/
- 41. For more details please see: LoC violations matter of grave concern, Express Tribune: <u>http://tribune.com.pk/story/593772/loc-violations-matter-of-grave-concern-fo/</u>
- 42. For details please see: Woman killed, seven injured in LoC Shelling, The Dawn: <u>http://beta.dawn.com/news/1038432/woman-killed-seven-injured-in-loc-shelling</u>

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- 33. **September 01, 2013**: Pakistani media reports two Pakistani civilians were injured in Indian firing and shelling on the Line of Control (LoC).⁴⁴
- 34. **September 02, 2013**: Indian media reports Pakistan troops violated the ceasefire on the Line of Control (LoC), opening fire at Indian positions in Jammu and Kashmir's Poonch district.⁴⁵
- 35. **September 02, 2013**: Pakistani media reports Indian and Pakistani troops traded fire in some areas of Nakial sector in the Kotli district of Azad Jammu and Kashmir. However, no casualties were reported.⁴⁶
- 36. **September 03, 2013**: Indian media reports Pakistani troops targeted Indian forward posts and civilian areas along the Line of Control (LoC) in Poonch district of Jammu and Kashmir.⁴⁷
- 37. September 04, 2013: Indian envoy raises LoC incident during 'courtesy call on Prime Minister's Advisor on Foreign Affairs.⁴⁸

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^{43.} For details please see: Five civilians injured by Indian shelling, The Dawn: http://beta.dawn.com/news/1038660/five-civilians-injured-by-indian-shelling

^{44.} For details please see: Two Pak civilians hurt in Indian shelling on LoC, The News: http://www.thenews.com.pk/Todays-News-13-25149-Two-Pak-civilians-hurt-in-Indian-shelling-on-LoC

^{45.} For details please see: After a week, Pakistan again violates LoC ceasefire, Business Standard: <u>http://www.business-standard.com/article/news-ians/after-a-week-pakistan-again-violates-loc-ceasefire-113090201058_1.html</u>

^{46.} For details please see, Shelling near Kotli, The Dawn: http://beta.dawn.com/news/1040182/shelling-near-kotli

^{47.} For details please see: Pakistan shells forward posts in Poonch, villager injured, Business Standard: <u>http://www.business-standard.com/article/pti-</u> stories/pak-shells-forward-posts-in-poonch-villager-injured-113090301160_1.html

^{48.} For details please see: Indian envoy raises LoC incident during courtesy call, Dawn.com: <u>http://beta.dawn.com/news/1040356/indian-envoy-raises-loc-incident-during-courtesy-call</u>



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